**15.** 
$$y = -\frac{20}{x}$$
;  $y = -\frac{20}{3}$ 

**16.** 
$$y = \frac{9}{x}$$
;  $y = 3$ 

17. 
$$y = -\frac{24}{x}$$
;  $y = -8$ 

**18.** 
$$y = \frac{14}{r}$$
;  $y = \frac{14}{3}$ 

**19.** 
$$y = \frac{21}{x}$$
;  $y = \frac{1}{x}$ 

**20.** 
$$y = \frac{5}{x}$$
;  $y = \frac{5}{x}$ 

**21.** 
$$y = \frac{2}{x}$$
;  $y = \frac{2}{3}$ 

**22.** 
$$y = -\frac{35}{3x}$$
;  $y = -\frac{35}{9}$ 

- **23.** The equation for direct variation was used; Because  $5 = \frac{a}{8}$ , a = 40. So,  $y = \frac{40}{x}$ .
- 24. The value of a was substituted into the direct variation equation;  $y = \frac{10}{x}$

b. The number of songs decreases.

**26.** 
$$P = \frac{154.8}{A}$$
; 2.58 lb/in.<sup>2</sup>

**27.** 
$$A = \frac{26,000}{c}$$
; about 321 chips per wafer

28. direct variation; The points lie on a line.

- yes; The product of the number of hats and the price per hat is \$50, which is constant.
- 30. about 190.4 lb